

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No. 23-CR-002-JFH

SCOTTY WAYNE HARJO,

Defendant.

OPINION AND ORDER

Before the Court is a second motion to continue jury trial (“Motion”) filed by Defendant Scotty Wayne Harjo (“Defendant”). Dkt. No. 30. Defendant represents the United States of America (“Government”) does not oppose the Motion. *Id.* at 1. For the reasons set forth below, the Motion is GRANTED.

The Motion falls under § 3161(h)(7)(A) of the Speedy Trial Act. This section permits a federal district court to exclude any period of delay resulting from a continuance if “the judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.” 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). A court must orally or in writing set forth its reasons for granting an ends of justice continuance and make findings that a continuance is in the best interest of the defendant and the public. *Id.* The statute permits a court to consider whether “the failure to grant such a continuance ... would deny counsel for the defendant ... the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking into account the exercise of due diligence.” *Id.* at § 3161(h)(7)(B)(iv). The Tenth Circuit has been clear that an ends of justice continuance should not be granted “cavalierly” and it was intended to be a “rarely used tool.” *United States v. Williams*, 511 F.3d 1044, 1048-49 (10th Cir. 2007).

In *United States v. Toombs*, 574 F.3d 1262 (10th Cir. 2009), the Tenth Circuit limited the circumstances in which an ends of justice continuance can be granted and emphasized that this should be a rarely used procedural tool. The parties must provide the district court a sufficient record to determine why the facts stated in a motion for continuance “result[] in the need for additional time.” *Id.* at 1271. This requires the parties to provide specific information about the need for a continuance, and the district court may need to hold a hearing before granting an ends of justice continuance. *Id.* at 1272-73. A district court must also give significant weight to the public’s interest in a speedy trial, and the public’s interest is generally served by strict adherence to the requirements of the Speedy Trial Act. *Id.* at 1273.

Defendant requests additional time because the parties have worked out a plea agreement but need additional time to finalize the writings memorializing that agreement, file those documents with the Court, and arrange a change of plea hearing. Dkt. No. 30 at 2. Defendant previously executed a speedy trial waiver through the new requested date, asking the Court to exclude any period of delay for an ends of justice continuance. Dkt. No. 21.¹ In addition to considering Defendant’s interests, the Court has considered the public’s interest in the speedy resolution of criminal cases and finds that a limited ends of justice continuance will not subvert the public’s interest in the prompt prosecution of criminal matters.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the motion to continue jury trial filed at Dkt. No. 30 is GRANTED. The jury trial set for April 10, 2023 at 8:45 a.m. is stricken. The following amended scheduling order is hereby entered:

¹ Defendant had previously requested a continuance from February 27, 2023 to April 24, 2023 and submitted a speedy trial waiver reflecting those dates. Dkt. No. 21. The Court granted Defendant’s previous request in part, resetting Defendant to the April 10, 2023 trial docket rather than the April 24, 2023 trial docket. Dkt. No. 22.

Joint status report regarding production of discovery filed: Closed

Notices filed: Closed

This includes all notices required by the Rules of Criminal Procedure and Evidence, including but not limited to, notices pursuant to Rule 16, 404(b), 412, 413, 414, or 609.

Motions and objections to notices filed: Closed

Absent good cause, motions in limine shall be filed by this date

Motions for bill of particulars shall be filed pursuant to FRCrP 7(f).

Pretrial conference: Closed

Voir dire, jury instructions, stipulations, & trial briefs filed: 4/14/2023
Witness and exhibit lists exchanged between counsel and 4/20/2023 by 4:00 pm
emailed to courtroom deputy (do not file):

Three hard-copy exhibit binders delivered to Court: 4/20/2023 by 4:00 pm

Jury trial: 4/24/2023 at 8:45 am

Due to the Court's multi-district caseload, this schedule is relatively inflexible.

Only one omnibus motion in limine and one motion to suppress per defendant is permitted without

The Court shall summarily deny without prejudice any motion that does not comply with LCrR 47-4, which requires a motion state on the first page whether or not it is opposed and, if opposed,

The parties should meet and confer in good faith to discuss any stipulations that would streamline

If the parties anticipate a lengthy pretrial/motion hearing, they are directed to promptly contact the Courtroom Deputy and the书记官will be present.

If the parties anticipate a plea of guilty, they are directed to promptly contact the Courtroom Deputy and a change of plea hearing (separate from the Pretrial Docket Call) will be set. The parties must provide a petition to enter plea of guilty and any plea agreement (if applicable) to the Court and file any superseding information (if applicable) at least three business days prior to the Change of Plea Hearing.

The parties are encouraged to review the Court's [Criminal Guidelines](#).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the time from April 10, 2023, inclusive, to April 24, 2023, inclusive, is excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7).

Dated this 31st day of March 2023.



JOHN F. HEIL, III
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE